

Code: CE2T1, ME2T1, CS2T1, IT2T1, EE2T1, EC2T1, AE2T1

**I B.Tech - II Semester – Regular/Supplementary Examinations  
April - 2019**

**ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - II  
(Common for all Branches)**

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

## PART – A

Answer *all* the questions. All questions carry equal marks

11 x 2 = 22 M

1.

- a) Define the following terms: i) Consistency ii) Trivial Solution for Homogeneous System of Equations.
- b) For a non-homogeneous system, when we say the system is consistent and in what case we get infinite number of solutions?
- c) Find the eigen values of  $A^2 - 2A + I$ , where
- $$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
- d) Two eigen values of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  are equal to 1 each. Find the eigen values of  $A^{-1}$ .
- e) Write the statement of Cayley-Hamilton theorem.
- f) Find the Laplace transform of  $\sin 2t \cos 3t$ .
- g) Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{1}{s^2 - 5s + 6}$ .

- h) Write the Fourier series for the function  $f(x)$  in the interval  $-c < x < c$ .
- i) Define the Fourier transform and inverse Fourier transform of a function.
- j) Write the convolution theorem in Z-transforms.
- k) Show that  $z \left( \frac{1}{n+1} \right) = z \log \left( \frac{z}{z-1} \right)$ .

### PART – B

Answer any **THREE** questions. All questions carry equal marks.

3 x 16 = 48 M

2. a) For what values of  $\mu, \lambda$  the simultaneous equations

$$x+y+z=6$$

$$x+2y+3z=10$$

$$x+2y+\lambda z=\mu$$
 have

i) No solution

ii) Unique solution

iii) Infinite number of solutions

8 M

- b) Apply Gauss elimination method to solve the following system of equations

$$x+4y-z=-5, \quad x+y-6z=-12, \quad 3x-y-z=4$$

8 M

3. a) Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and find its inverse. Also express}$$

$A^5 - 4A^4 - 7A^3 + 11A^2 - A - 10I$  as a linear polynomial in  $A$ . 8 M

b) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the following

matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  8 M

4. a) Find the Laplace transform of the following functions

i)  $\frac{(e^{-at} - e^{-bt})}{t}$       ii)  $f(t) = \begin{cases} 4, & \text{when } 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ 3, & \text{when } t > 1 \end{cases}$  8 M

b) Use Laplace transform to solve 8 M

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} - 2\frac{dx}{dt} + x = e^t \text{ with } x = 2, \frac{dx}{dt} = -1 \text{ at } t = 0$$

5. a) Find the Fourier series to represent  $f(x) = e^x$ ,  $-\pi < x < \pi$  and hence derive a series for  $\frac{\pi}{\sin h\pi}$  8 M

b) Find the Fourier sine and cosine transform of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin x, & \text{if } 0 < x < a \\ 0, & \text{if } x \geq a \end{cases} \quad \text{8 M}$$

6. a) If  $z[f(n)] = \frac{5z^2 + 3z + 12}{(z-1)^4}$ , find  $f(2)$  and  $f(3)$  8 M

b) Solve 8 M

$$u_{n+2} + 4u_{n+1} + 3u_n = 3^n \text{ given that } u_0 = 0, u_1 = 1$$